MIRDEC 2017

MIRDEC – 6th International Academic Conference
Social Sciences Multidisciplinary, Economics, Business and Finance Studies
(Global Meeting of Social Science Community)

CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS
LISBON, PORTUGAL

Book of Abstracts

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LABOUR MARKET INCORPORATION OF MIGRANT NURSING PROFESSIONALS IN THE EUROPEAN UNION: A LINEAR PROCESS? THE CASE OF PORTUGUESE NURSES

Abstract

Over the last decades’ various European healthcare systems have relied, to a greater or lesser extent, on the international recruitment of health professionals. After the European Union enlargement to the East and the outbreak of the financial and economic crisis, that has affected with particular severity the semi-peripheral and peripheral countries, there has been a reconfiguration of these flows. The proportion of nursing professionals moving to, and registering in, another EU country has increased steadily. The information available suggests that this phenomenon has particular expression among Portuguese nurses, despite the needs of human resources in the national health system. Recently conducted studies about Portuguese skilled emigrants, particularly on nursing professionals, unveil disparities in status and earnings when compared to domestic health workforce. Other researches on the European context also showed compelling evidence that migrant nursing professionals experience inadequate support, unfavourable work conditions, face greater risk of performing tasks below their skill level and have fewer opportunities of career development and promotion. These results challenge the principle of non-discriminatory treatment of workers and suggest that the skills and knowledge of foreign trained nurses are often wasted in the health systems. How to explain these inferences? What are the underlying factors and mechanisms? How do they interact? What’s the degree of influence of institutional, organizational and social contexts? To answer these questions, we propose a multilevel approach, thus contributing to highlight the articulations of the various factors and mechanisms that produce inequality, between migrants and natives, in the labour market.

Keywords: Labour market incorporation, European Union, Portuguese nurses

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