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Electron induced fragmentation of sulphur containing biological prototypes: thiaproline and taurine

E. Lange^{*1}, G. Meneses^{*2}, T. Cunha^{*3}, J. Krasuska^{†4}, J. Kopyra^{†5}, G. García^{‡6}, F. Ferreira da Silva^{*7}, P. Limão-Vieira^{*8}

^{*} Laboratório de Colisões Atômicas e Moleculares, CEFITEC, Departamento de Física, Faculdade de Ciências e Tecnologia, Universidade Nova de Lisboa, 2829-516 Caparica, Portugal

[†] Department of Chemistry, Siedlce University, 3 Maja 54, 08-110 Siedlce, Poland

[‡] Instituto de Física Fundamental, Consejo Superior de Investigaciones Científicas, Serrano 113-bis, 28006 Madrid, Spain

Synopsis Here we present negative ion formation driven by electron transfer in atom (potassium) molecule collision and dissociative electron attachment in sulphur containing compounds, probing the influence of sulphur atoms in the decomposition mechanism of two biological relevant molecules: thiaproline and taurine.

Sulphur containing nucleobases have been suggested as anticancer drugs.[1] Secondary electrons produced in the biological environment, as a result of the primary radiation interaction, may efficiently enhanced DNA/RNA loss of integrity. Such electron-induced decomposition mechanisms have been recognized on the basis of temporary molecular anions formation. However, there is still scarce information in the literature on the interaction of low-energy electrons with sulphur containing biologically relevant molecules. Notwithstanding, electron transfer has been acknowledge to be more attuned to the physiological environment processes in the decomposition of key molecular structures in several DNA/RNA constituents and other biological relevant molecules.[2, 3, 4]

Here we address electron capture and electron transfer induced decomposition of two sulphur containing biological prototypes, 4-thiaproline and taurine, the former a relevant amino acid with a key role in the human physiology and the latter suggested as a possible anti-cancer drug. [5]

In the electron transfer process by atom(potassium)-molecule collision experiments, a transient negative ion is formed, with the excess internal energy channelled into the different degrees of freedom resulting therefore in fragmentation. The resulting anionic fragments are time-of-flight (TOF) mass analysed. Moreover, dissociative electron attachment studies to sul-

phur containing molecules, such as taurine and 4-thiaproline are presented and compared with electron transfer studies upon potassium collisions

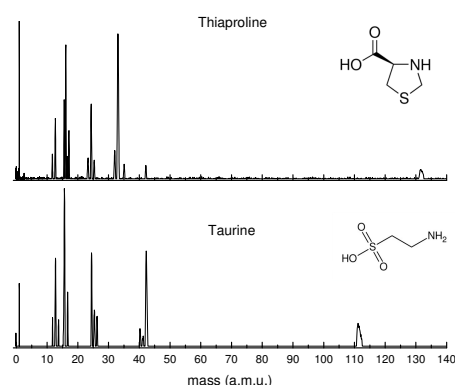


Figure 1. Anion mass spectra for 100 eV potassium impact on 4-thiaproline and taurine.

References

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¹E-mail: e.lange@campus.fct.unl.pt

²E-mail: g.meneses@campus.fct.unl.pt

³E-mail: t.cunha@campus.fct.unl.pt

⁴E-mail: jkrasuska06@gmail.com

⁵E-mail: kopyra@uph.edu.pl

⁶E-mail: g.garcia@csic.es

⁷E-mail: fr.silva@fct.unl.pt

⁸E-mail: plimaovieira@fct.unl.pt

